

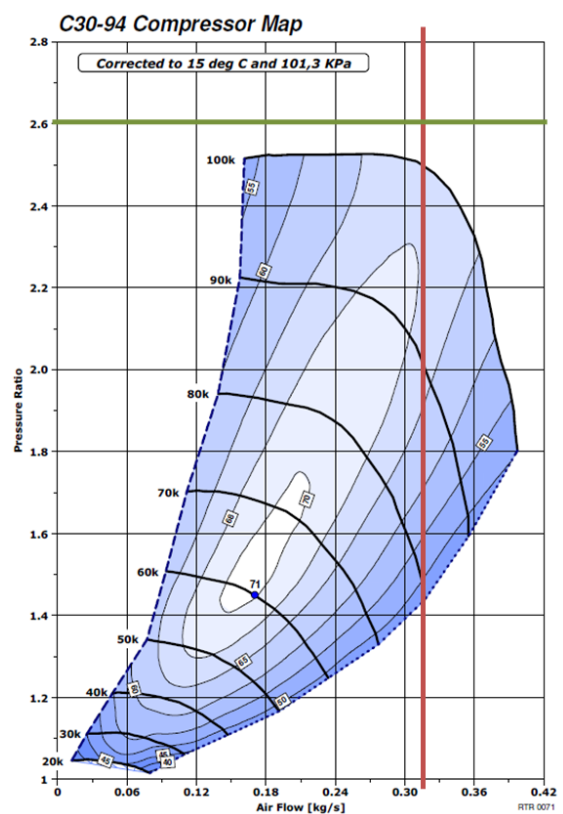
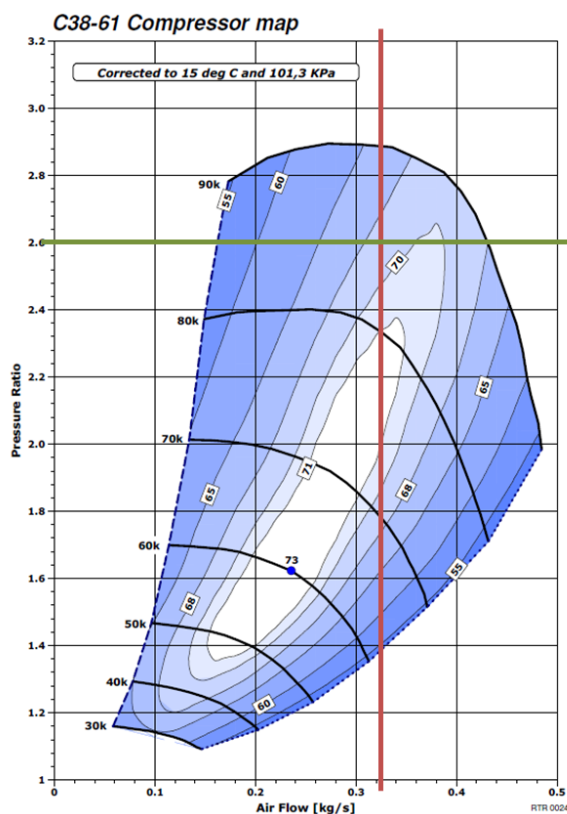
Supercharger sizing

1. Calculate air flow

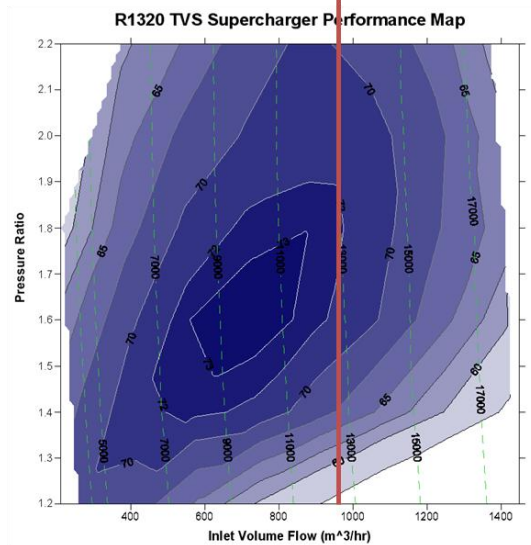
- Assume max RPM of 7200
- Assume 160 HP at max RPM
- $3600/60 * 2 \text{ liters} = 120 \text{ liters/sec} \rightarrow 0.120 \text{ m}^3 * 1.2 \text{ kg/m}^3 = 0.144 \text{ kg/sec}$
- 0.144 kg/sec for 160 HP \rightarrow 111 HP per 0.1 kg/sec. Rotrex handbook states 120 HP per 0.1 kg/sec, so ballpark right
- For 360 HP: $360/160 * 0.144 = \mathbf{0.324 \text{ kg/sec}}$

2. Calculate Pressure Ratio

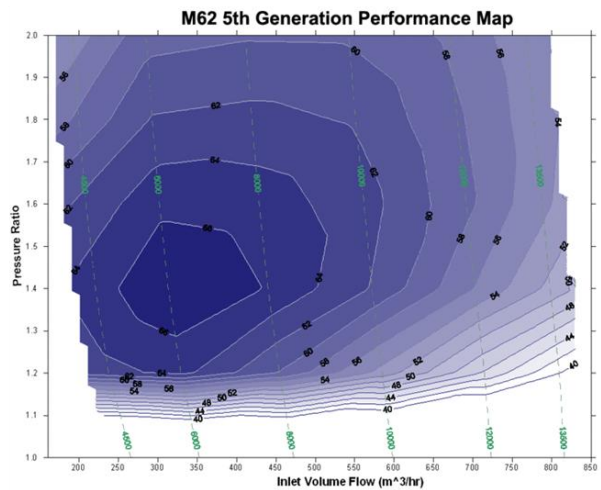
- Assume target of 360 HP at 7200 RPM
- $360/160 = 2.25$ multiply with 1.15 to cover losses (pressure losses, power to drive SC) \rightarrow
PR = $2.25 * 1.15$ of about **2.6**



Off the map, but seems likely the TVS1320 can cope with a flow of 0.32 kg/sec at a PR of 2.6, but efficiency will suffer



Completely off the map, the Eaton will just push hot air



Conclusions:

- The Rotrex C38-61 seems to be up to the job
- The Rotrex C30-94 does not reach high enough pressure levels and is out of the efficiency range
- The Harrop TVS1320 seems to be up to the job, even though you have to extrapolate the map. It flows more than enough air, but efficiency will suffer
- The Eaton has no chance of reaching the required levels without suffering a lot on the efficiency side
- Within the C38 range, the C38-61 seems the best choice as it handles higher pressure ratios better than the other models